

Specification

DAkkS

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle D-RM-15185-01-00

Certipur® Certified Reference Material

Producer: Merck KGaA, Frankfurter Str. 250, 64293 Darmstadt, Germany.

Accreditation: Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany is accredited by the German

accreditation authority DAkkS as registered reference material producer D-RM-15185-01-00 in accordance with **ISO Guide 34** and registered calibration laboratory D-K-15185-01-00 according to **DIN EN ISO/IEC**

17025.

Description of CRM: Buffer solution pH 10.00 (20°C)

Certified Reference Material for pH measurement

Ordering number: 1.09438.1000

Lot number: example

Composition: boric acid / potassium chloride / sodium hydroxide

Certified value and uncertainty pH value $9.98 - 10.02 \pm 0.03$ (20°C)

pH value with expanded uncertainty UCRM

Method of Analysis: pH value is measured with a combined glass electrode after 5-point

calibration according to DIN 19268 with reference buffer solutions

according to DIN 19266, IUPAC, NIST, Ph.Eur. and USP.

Traceability: The pH value of this certified buffer solution is directly traceable to

primary certified reference materials characterised by PTB and verified

by SRMs from NIST.

NÍST 189x, 188x, 185x, 186 lx, 186 llx, 187x

PTB OX-xxx/xx, TA-xxx/xx, PHT-xxx/xx, PHO-xxx/xx, BO-xxx/xx PTB: Physikalisch Technische Bundesanstalt, Braunschweig, Germany NIST: National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, USA.

Preparation: This reference material is prepared gravimetrically from boric acid,

potassium chloride, sodium hydroxide and high purity water.

Storage: Store at +15°C to +25°C tightly closed in the original container.

Minimum shelf life: 3 years



(Laboratory manager)

Application and correct use:

This reference material is intended for use as a calibration standard for pH instruments or pH electrodes or as a control sample for measuring the pH value. The pH value is strongly dependent on the temperature. It is therefore necessary to keep the temperature constant within the measurement. Details concerning the nature of any hazard and appropriate precautions to be taken are provided in the material safety data sheet.

Expanded uncertainty UCRM:

The expanded uncertainty U_{CRM} is calculated as $U_{CRM} = k \cdot u_{CRM}$, where k = 2is the coverage factor for a 95% coverage probability and u_{CRM} is the combined standard uncertainty in accordance to ISO Guide 34.

$$u_{\text{CRM}} = \sqrt{u^2_{\text{Characterisation}} + u^2_{\text{Homogeneity}} + u^2_{\text{Stability}}}$$

The combined standard uncertainty u_{CRM} is obtained from the standard uncertainties of the characterisation, the homogeneity and the stability.

is the uncertainty in accordance to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 which includes the contributions of the primary reference

material and the measuring system.

UHomogeneity

is the between-bottle variation in accordance to ISO Guide 34. The assessment of homogeneity is performed by analysis of a representative number of systematically chosen sample units

UStability

is the uncertainty obtained from short-term and long-term stability in accordance to ISO Guide 34. The stability studies are the basis for the quantification of the minimum shelf life of this reference material for the unopened bottle.

Further information:

Temperature dependence (example):

Temperature [°C]	∆рН
0	+ 0.26
5	+ 0.17
10	+ 0.11
15	+ 0.05
20	± 0
25	- 0.06
30	- 0.11
35	- 0.16
40	- 0.18
50	- 0.26

For more detailed information please read the certification report on www.merckmillipore.com